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PRODUCTION & MARKETING ADMINISTRATION  
INFORMATION BRANCH  
30 VAN NESS AVENUE  
San Francisco 2, California

In cooperation with the  
Federal-State Market News Service

WHAT'S NEWS IN THE MARKETS?  
(USDA Food Bulletin for the week ended Aug. 5, 1949)

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 2—Gravenstein apples (lower) and peaches continue as the Best Buys in the wholesale fruit and vegetable market.

Next in line as Good Buys are cantaloups and Thompson Seedless grapes (lower), followed by blackberries, nectarines, Bartlett pears, watermelons, and plums as Fairly Good Buys.

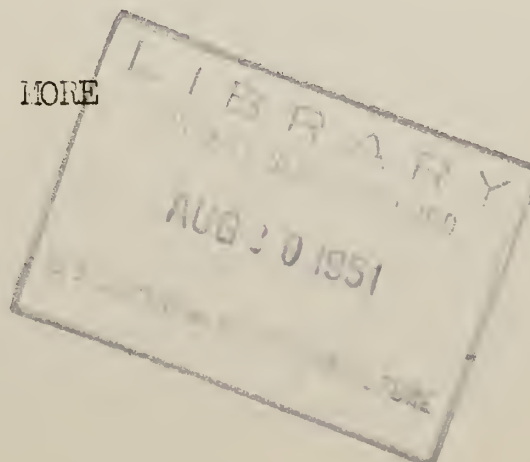
Best Buys in vegetables include snap beans, celery, cucumbers, eggplant, and soft squash.

Good Buys of the week are carrots, cabbage, corn at a shade higher prices, lettuce, onions, peppers, potatoes, and more plentiful supplies of tomatoes at lower prices.

Peas remain a Fair Buy.

Sweetpotatoes are coming to market in light supply, as are artichokes.

MORE



1. 6. 1900

Good grade steer beef, Choice grade lamb, and lightweight veal carcasses have been scarce in the San Francisco wholesale meat market the past week. Contrary to the situation in recent weeks, supplies of fresh pork increased about 25 percent. In the beef division, demand has been concentrated on Good grade steer and heifer beef at unchanged prices. Commercial and Utility grades of beef were in little demand during the past week and dropped \$1.00 to \$3.00 per hundredweight. Demand has been very uneven for veal at unchanged prices. Liberal offerings of spring lamb were in fairly good demand last week but dropped \$1.00 to \$2.00 per hundredweight. Although prices have held mostly unchanged on fresh pork, pork loins have dropped \$1.00 per hundredweight and pork butts have advanced as much as \$4.00 per hundredweight. Prices have held unchanged on cured pork cuts — including smoked hams, which have been in very slow demand.

Top grades of butter are up 1-1/2 cents from last week, with Grades A & AA (1st Quality) quoted to retailers at 67½ to 69½ cents per pound in cartons of 1/4-lb. prints. Grade B (2nd Quality) is unchanged at a quotation of 63 to 64½ cents per pound to retailers in cartons of 1/4-lb. prints. The price advance on top grades occurred after the U. S. Department of Agriculture announcement to additionally support farm prices of milk going into manufactured dairy products. Although production in the west decreased 1 percent for the week ended July 28, it was still 28 percent above the same week in 1948. San Francisco's retail sales are also running ahead of last year — about 10 percent.

Receipts and supplies of eggs in the San Francisco wholesale market are ample for the rather slow demand. Prices are little changed from a week ago. Grade "A" Mediums have advanced 1-cent per dozen to a quotation of 59 to 60 cents per dozen in cartons to retailers. All other grades and sizes are unchanged.

Heavy supplies of poultry have been in slow demand in the San Francisco wholesale market. As a result, prices have dropped 1-cent per pound on broilers and Leghorn hens, and 1 to 2 cents per pound on colored fryers and roasters. All other classes are unchanged in price from last week.



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### WHAT'S NEWS IN THE MARKETS?

(USDA Food Bulletin for the week ended Aug. 12, 1949)

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9—— Thompson Seedless grapes are about as reasonably priced as they are likely to be and are a Best Buy, along with peaches.

Gravenstein apples and watermelons are Good Buys, followed by Cranshaw and Casaba melons, Bartlett pears, and plums as Fairly Good Buys.

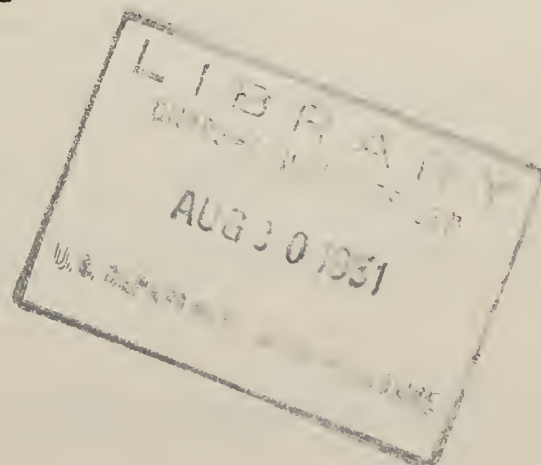
Fair Buys of the week include cantaloups (slightly higher), figs (both Black Mission and white), grapes (aside from Thompson Seedless), and nectarines (higher).

Best Buys from the vegetable bin are celery, cucumbers, eggplant, peppers, and soft squash.

Classed as Good Buys this week are snap beans, carrots, cabbage, cauliflower, corn (higher), onions, potatoes, and tomatoes (some variation in quality).

Lettuce is higher priced and a Fair Buy, as are peas.

MORE



THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

DEPARTMENT OF THE HISTORY OF ARTS  
AND ARCHITECTURE

RESEARCH REPORT

ON THE HISTORY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

The history of the University of Chicago is a story of growth and change. It began in 1890 when the University was founded. The first years were marked by a period of rapid expansion, as the University grew from a small college to a large university. This growth was driven by a combination of factors, including the efforts of the faculty and the support of the Board of Trustees. The University's reputation for academic excellence and its commitment to research and scholarship played a major role in its success. Over the years, the University has continued to expand its programs and facilities, and its influence has grown both nationally and internationally.

The University of Chicago has a long and distinguished history. It has been a center of learning and research for over a century. The University's commitment to academic excellence and its dedication to the pursuit of knowledge have made it one of the most respected universities in the world. The University's history is a testament to the power of education and the importance of research. It is a story of a university that has grown and changed over time, but has always remained true to its founding principles. The University of Chicago is a place where the past meets the future, and where the pursuit of knowledge is always at the forefront.



Under a slow to fair demand distribution of meats has been rather uneven in the San Francisco wholesale market the past week. Top grades of beef and veal have been scarce, while supplies of fresh pork have been about equal to demand. The beef slaughter was made up of about 25 percent Good grade beef, with the remainder mostly Commercial grade steer and heifer beef and all grades of cow beef. Prices dropped \$1.00 to \$2.00 per hundredweight on Utility and lower grades of cow beef carcasses and advanced \$1.00 on beef loins and ribs. Commercial grade veal dropped \$2.00 per hundredweight. Spring lamb held unchanged in price, even though lower grades were in very little demand. All fresh pork carcasses and cuts held unchanged in price, while bacon advanced \$1.00 per hundredweight, and lard went up \$2.00 per hundredweight.

Butter production continued to decline during the past week while the demand improved and the price tendency was slightly higher. Top grades of butter were quoted about unchanged in price from last week with Grades A & AA (1st Quality) selling to retailers at  $67\frac{1}{2}$  to  $69\frac{1}{2}$  cents per pound in cartons of  $1\frac{1}{4}$  pound prints. However, Grade B (2nd Quality) advanced  $1\frac{1}{2}$  cents per pound and sold to retailers at  $64\frac{1}{2}$  to 66 cents. Although western butter production for the week ended August 4 declined 3 percent from the previous week the production was 27 percent greater than the same week a year ago. San Francisco retail butter sales increased more than 8 percent over the previous week and were more than 18 percent greater than the same week last year.

The seasonal decline in local receipts of eggs continued during the past week, but prices were uneven. Grade "A" Large eggs in cartons sold to retailers 1 cent higher at 63 to 64 cents per dozen, but Grade "A" Medium eggs sold 2 cents lower at 57 to 58 cents.

Supplies of dressed poultry were moderately heavy. The demand for roasters was good and supplies short of full needs, while supplies of fryers were about sufficient. Prices of fryers and roasters held unchanged. However, broilers, and Leghorn and colored hens were in lighter demand. Broilers dropped one cent per pound in price while colored and Leghorn hens declined 2 cents

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#### WHAT'S NEWS IN THE MARKETS?

(USDA Food Bulletin for the week ended Aug. 19, 1949)

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16 -- Grapes, especially Thompson seedless, are a Best Buy this week along with peaches, mostly of the Hale and Elberta varieties.

Gravenstein apples, Bartlett pears and watermelons are still Good Buys, as are Honeydew, Cranshaw and Casaba melons.

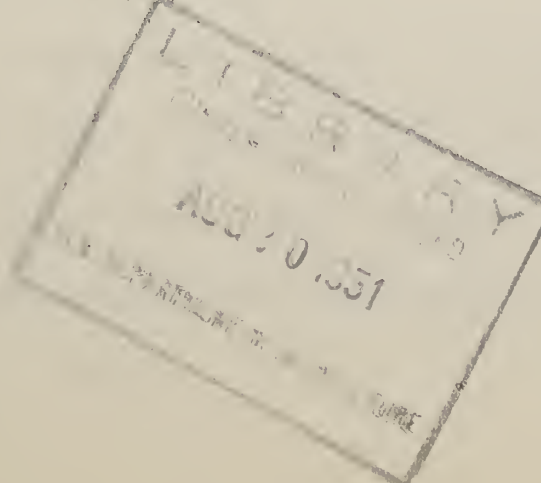
Cantaloups are a Fairly Good Buy, as are figs (both Black Mission and white).

From the vegetable bin the Best Buys are celery, cucumbers, poppers and cabbage.

Good Buys this week are snap beans, carrots, cauliflower, potatoes, eggplant and soft squash.

There is a considerable variation in the quality of corn and tomatoes, which are classed as Fair Buys. Lettuce, peas and onions are also Fair Buys.

MORE







The demand for meats was slow to fair in the San Francisco wholesale market during the past week. Supplies of Good steer beef, Choice lamb, and light veal have been scarce, while supplies of fresh pork were about equal to the moderate demand. Commercial and Good steer and heifer beef carcasses held about unchanged in price from the previous week. However, beef cuts of forequarters, chucks and short plates were down \$1.00 to \$2.00, while loins sold about \$1.00 higher. Cow beef carcasses dropped \$1.00 to \$2.00 per hundredweight on all grades. Fresh veal and calf, and lamb and mutton carcasses were unchanged in price. Fresh pork carcasses sold about unchanged in price, while loins were \$1.00 to \$2.00 lower, and fresh hams were up \$1.00. Lard sold about \$1.50 higher.

The continued seasonal decline in butter production during the past week was offset by a slower demand and the market was barely steady. San Francisco retail sales declined slightly from the previous week, but were more than 13 percent greater than the same week a year ago. Top grades of butter sold to retailers about 1 cent per pound lower than the previous week. Grades A & AA (1st Quality) was quoted at  $66\frac{1}{2}$  to  $68\frac{1}{2}$  cents per pound in cartons of  $1\frac{1}{4}$  pound prints. Grade B (2nd Quality) butter sold to retailers unchanged at  $64\frac{1}{2}$  to 66 cents per pound.

Local receipts of eggs were moderate during the past week and the demand was somewhat improved. Grade "A" Large eggs in cartons sold to retailers  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 1 cent higher at 64 to  $64\frac{1}{2}$  cents per dozen. Grade "A" Medium eggs sold to retailers unchanged at 57 to 58 cents per dozen in cartons.

There was a fair demand for moderate supplies of dressed poultry with prices mostly unchanged from the previous week. The demand for broilers was slightly improved and prices advanced 1 cent per pound, while young turkey hens sold 2 cents higher. Prices on all other classes were unchanged.





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### WHAT'S NEWS IN THE MARKETS?

(USDA Food Bulletin for the week ended Aug. 26, 1949)

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 23 -- Grapes are still a Best Buy this week, along with peaches.

Gravenstein apples, Bartlett pears, and watermelons are Good Buys, followed by cantaloups and plums as Fairly Good Buys.

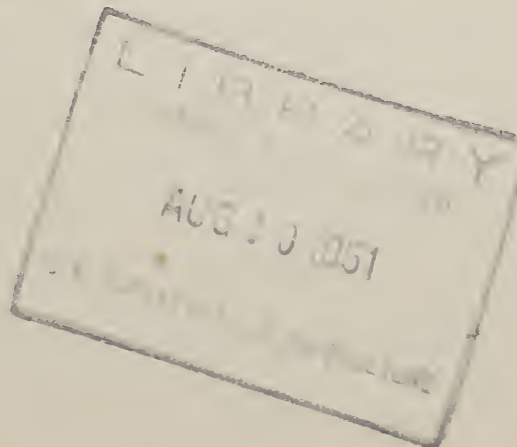
Rating as Fair Buys for the week are Casaba, Cranshaw, Honeydew and Persian melons, and small oranges.

Best Buys from the vegetable bin are celery, peppers, potatoes and cauliflower.

Cucumbers, cabbage, snap beans, Brussels sprouts, carrots, eggplant and sweetpotatoes are classed as Good Buys, followed by corn, peas and soft squash as Fairly Good Buys.

Fair Buys are tomatoes, lettuce, and onions.

MORE



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Meats were in moderate to fairly good demand in the San Francisco wholesale market during the past week. Supplies of Good grade beef remained small. Good veal and calf carcasses also were in light supply, but the supply of Commercial grade was fully adequate for the demand. Commercial and Good 700 to 800 pound steer beef carcasses, and all grades of cow beef carcasses sold \$1.00 to \$2.00 higher per hundredweight. Steer and heifer beef cuts of hindquarters and forequarters were up \$1.00 in price, while ribs and chucks were down \$1.00. Fresh veal, calf, lamb and mutton carcasses were about unchanged in price. Fresh pork prices were uneven with loins selling \$1.00 to \$2.00 lower, while fresh and picnic hams were up \$1.00, and butts were \$2.00 to \$4.00 higher. Cured hams sold about \$1.00 higher, but bacon was down \$2.00 to \$4.00. Lard in one pound cartons was down about 50 cents.

Although butter production continued to decline during the past week, supplies of top grades in the San Francisco area were liberal, and the market was barely steady. Retail sales were down more than 7 percent from the previous week, and only about 4 percent better than the same week last year. Grades A & AA (1st Quality) butter in cartons of 1/4 pound prints sold to retailers about 1/2 cent lower at 66 to 68 cents per pound. Grade B (2nd Quality) butter sold unchanged at  $64\frac{1}{2}$  to 66 cents.

Increased receipts of eggs during the past week indicates a liberal production this fall and winter. Sales to retail outlets were moderate. Grade "A" Large eggs in cartons sold to retailers one cent higher at 65 to  $65\frac{1}{2}$  cents per dozen, while Grade "A" medium eggs sold unchanged at 57 to 58 cents.

Supplies of dressed poultry were moderate, but adequate for the demand. Fryers were in the best demand and prices advanced one cent per pound on both light and heavyweight colored fryers. There was a Labor Day holiday demand for turkeys and young tons advanced one cent in price. Prices on all other classes were unchanged.

